



EARLY VOTING March 15-22

Polls Open 8:30 AM - 6:00 PM CST
(excluding Sundays and Thanksgiving)

ELECTION DAY SATURDAY March 29, 2025

Polls are open 7:00 AM - 8:00 PM CST

Register to Vote

Last day in person or by mail:

Feb. 26

Last day online:

March 8



pcej.org/Vote



Vote by Mail

PowerCoalition.org/Vote

If you are planning to vote by mail, we recommend you do so as soon as possible to make sure your vote is counted.

REQUEST
a Vote by Mail
Ballot:

March 25
by 4:30 PM

RETURN
a Completed
Vote by Mail Ballot:

March 28
by 4:30 PM

Having Problems Voting?

Report a voting incident or get assistance from trained volunteers by calling

866-OUR-VOTE



Proposed Amendment No. 1

Do you support an amendment granting the Louisiana Supreme Court jurisdiction to discipline out-of-state lawyers for unethical legal practices in the state of Louisiana, and to grant the legislature the authority to establish trial courts of limited and specialized jurisdiction? (Amends Article V, Sections 5(B), 15(A) and 16(A))

Yes No

This amendment claims to do two things:

Out-of-state lawyers: It gives the Louisiana Supreme Court the power to discipline lawyers who work in Louisiana but aren't members of the Louisiana state bar. It is already well-established that the Supreme Court can sanction non-local attorneys, however - this language is intended to distract from the real goal to create special courts (see below).

Special courts: Grants the state legislature the authority to create new courts that focus on specific types of cases, like business-related disputes. For this to happen, two-thirds of the lawmakers in both the House and Senate must agree.

This amendment isn't about disciplining out-of-state attorneys. Out-of-state attorneys already get disciplined and disbarred for their actions in Louisiana, ALL THE TIME. So, what aren't they telling us? This amendment sounds like politicians can punish out-of-state attorneys doing work they don't agree with under the guise of ethics complaints

What happens if you vote "YES"?

- The Louisiana Supreme Court already has the power to discipline lawyers working in the state, even if they're from out of state.
- The state legislature would be allowed to create new courts that handle certain types of cases. This could include special courts for oil and gas, immigration, and abortion cases, among others.

What happens if you vote "NO"?

- The state legislature would not be granted the power to create an entirely new judiciary.

Proposed Amendment No. 2

Do you support an amendment to revise Article VII of the Constitution of Louisiana including revisions to lower the maximum rate of income tax, increase income tax deductions for citizens over sixty-five, provide for a government growth limit, modify operation of certain constitutional funds, provide for property tax exemptions retaining the homestead exemption and exemption for religious organizations, provide a permanent teacher salary increase by requiring a surplus payment to teacher retirement debt, and make other modifications? (Amends Article VII, Sections 1 through 28; Adds Article VII, Sections 29 through 42)

Yes No

This amendment would change some of Louisiana’s rules about taxes, government spending, and teacher pay. Amendment 2 guts education funding to pay for tax cuts for corporations and the wealthy. It’s a grab bag of changes, but at its core it cuts funding for early, special and K-12 education as well as roads and infrastructure maintenance.

This amendment would make big changes to Louisiana’s tax system and state budget rules.

- ➔ It would eliminate several constitutionally protected K-12 education funds, and would not guarantee any additional funding for teacher pay raises as advertised.
- ➔ It would remove the constitutional protection for the property tax exemptions currently enjoyed by nonprofit organizations including hospitals, schools, unions, social aid and pleasure clubs, and more, as well as significantly curtail the exemption for religious institutions.
- ➔ It would create a spending limit on essential services like education and healthcare. Any state budget surplus would have to be spent on one-time projects instead of ongoing needs.
- ➔ It would lower the maximum state income tax rate, meaning that state income taxes could not be raised beyond a certain amount in the future.
- ➔ It would eliminate the state’s revenue stabilization fund and shift \$1.76 billion into a new fund that helps cover budget shortfalls.
- ➔ It would limit local control over sales taxes.
- ➔ It would delete a fund supporting infant mortality programs.
- ➔ It would change gendered pronouns in the constitution.
- ➔ It would potentially increase taxes on take-out food.
- ➔ It would remove constitutional authorization for farmers’ and fishermen’s programs.

Proposed Amendment No. 3

Do you support an amendment to provide the legislature the authority to determine which felony crimes, when committed by a person under the age of seventeen, may be transferred for criminal prosecution as an adult? (Amends Article V, Section 19)

Yes No

This amendment is about who decides which crimes are serious enough for kids under 17 (juveniles) to be tried as adults. Right now, the state constitution has a specific list of crimes for this. The amendment would take that list out of the constitution and let lawmakers decide which crimes should qualify through state law instead.

What happens if you vote “YES”?

- ➔ The list of crimes in the constitution (like murder or armed robbery) would be removed.
- ➔ The Louisiana legislature would have the power to decide which crimes could lead to a juvenile being tried as an adult. This would allow lawmakers to change the rules over time without needing a constitutional amendment.
- ➔ This change means that children under the age of 17 could be put in adult prisons at a higher rate.

What happens if you vote “NO”?

- ➔ The current list of crimes in the constitution stays the same.
- ➔ Only those specific crimes would qualify for juveniles to be tried as adults unless voters approve another constitutional change in the future.

What crimes are currently on the list?

Right now, the constitution lists serious crimes like:

- ➔ Murder (first or second degree)
- ➔ Manslaughter
- ➔ Rape (aggravated, forcible, or simple)
- ➔ Armed robbery
- ➔ Kidnapping (aggravated or second degree)
- ➔ Multiple serious drug offenses (like selling drugs)
- ➔ Repeat offenses for crimes like burglary or aggravated battery

If the amendment passes, the legislature could make changes to this list in the future.

Proposed Amendment No. 4

Do you support an amendment to provide for the use of the earliest election date to fill judicial vacancies? (Amends Article V, Section 22(B))

Yes No

This amendment is a companion to Amendment 1, and determines how judges for the new courts created by the legislature would be elected.

What happens if you vote "YES"?

You're saying you want to:

- Fill judge vacancies for new courts using the earliest election date allowed by state law, which are often extremely low-turnout elections.
If a big election (like for governor or Congress) is happening within a year of the vacancy, the special election to fill the judge spot would happen at that time.

What happens if you vote "NO"?

You're saying you want to keep the current rule, which gives the state up to 12 months to hold a special election to fill a judge's spot.

Parish-Wide School District Prop. No. 1 of 3 - 19.49 Mills Renewal

Shall Parishwide School District of Caddo Parish, Louisiana (the "District"), be authorized to continue to levy a special tax of 19.49 mills on all property subject to taxation within the District (an estimated \$41,322,000 reasonably expected at this time to be collected from the levy of the tax for an entire year), for a period of 10 years, beginning with the year 2027 and ending with the year 2036, for the purpose of paying salaries and benefits for teachers and other personnel employed by the Caddo Parish School Board?

Yes No

Parish-Wide School District Prop. No. 2 of 3 - 4.97 Mills Renewal

Shall Parishwide School District of Caddo Parish, Louisiana (the "District"), be authorized to continue to levy a special tax of 4.97 mills on all property subject to taxation within the District (an estimated \$10,537,000 reasonably expected at this time to be collected from the levy of the tax for an entire year), for a period of 10 years, beginning with the year 2027 and ending with the year 2036, for the purpose of paying the costs of renovation, repair and improvement of existing public school buildings and facilities in the District?

Yes No

Parish-Wide School District Prop. No. 3 of 3 - 1.21 Mills Renewal

Shall Parishwide School District of Caddo Parish, Louisiana (the "District"), be authorized to continue to levy a special tax of 1.21 mills on all property subject to taxation within the District (an estimated \$2,565,000 reasonably expected at this time to be collected from the levy of the tax for an entire year), for a period of 10 years, beginning with the year 2027 and ending with the year 2036, for the purpose of paying the costs of constructing, acquiring, renovating, improving, maintaining and/or operating computers, software and peripheral equipment, facilities and technological programs at public schools in Caddo Parish?

Yes No

Member of School Board District 7

- Jerry Bowman - Democrat, Black, Male
Mariam Tamica Harley - Democrat, Black, Female

Chief of Police Village of Mooringsport

- Shawn Fertenbaugh - Republican, White, Male
John C. McCaherty - Republican, White, Male